

Контрольні завдання з англійської мови (9 клас)

**Розподіл балів**

**Level 1** (8 points)

Task 1 – 2 points

Task 2 – 2 points

Task 3 – 2 points

Task 4 – 2 points

**Level 2** (12 points)

Task 1 – 4 points

Task 2 – 4 points

Task 3 – 4 points

**Level 3** (10 points)

Task 1 – 5 points

Task 2 – 5 points

**Level 1 (8 points)**

**Grammar Comprehension**

**Task 1. Choose the correct option of the word form (2 points)**

1. When the phone rang, I... dinner.

a) cook, b) was cooking, c) had been cooking, d) have been cooking.

2. He usually had dinner at 4 p.m., ... ?

a) had he, b) hadn't he, c) did he, d) didn't he.

3. He works ... and makes good progress.

a) hard, b) hardly, c) good, d) badly.

4. He reminds me ... someone I knew in the army.

a) of, b) to, c) from, d) about.

5. Mary is here. Where are ... ?

a) other, b) others, c) the others, d) another.

6. Mother doesn't have much free time. Neither ... .

a) do I, b) do I have, c) I do, d) I am.

7. Did you read ... English books at school?

a) some, b) many, c) much, d) none.

8. I want to know what ...,

a) are you doing, b) were you doing, c) will you do, d) you are doing.

9. I've made ... mistakes now than I made last time.

a) few, b) a few, c) fewer, d) less.

10. We ... two compositions this month.

a) write, b) wrote, c) were writing, d) have written.

11. I had a feeling that somebody ... there before.

a) is, b) was, c) has been, d) had been.

12. She won't see him ... he phones her.

a) except, b) after, c) unless, d) because.

13. ... only one theatre and two cinemas in this city ten years ago.

a) there is, b) there was, c) there are, d) there were.

14. My watch....  
a) stops, b) has stopped, c) have stopped, d) stop.
15. Do you know when he ... ?  
a) comes, b) will come, c) shall come, d) come.
16. I don't have any pets. Neither ....  
a) she does, b) does she, c) is she, d) does she have.
17. His parents didn't let him ... TV late.  
a) to watch, b) watch, c) watching, d) watched.
18. They let their children ... different pets at home.  
a) keeps, b) keeping, c) keep, d) to keep.
19. You have to support your children, ... ?  
a) have you, b) haven't you, c) do you, d) don't you.
20. He is fond of ... speeches in public.  
a) make, b) makes, c) making, d) doing.

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

**Task 2. Choose the suitable variant of the word or phrase (2 points)**

1. ... there any news in your father's letter?  
a) Are, b) Were, c) Have, d) Is.
2. Do you know ... man that lives next door?  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
3. They put off the party ... next Saturday.  
a) on, b) for, c) in, d) at.
4. Look ... the window. Is it raining outside?  
a) at, b) to, c) out of, d) through.
5. In the sitting room there ... a table, four chairs, a TV set and a sofa.  
a) is, b) are, c) has, d) have.
6. We are looking forward ... seeing this film.  
a) to, b) at, c) for, d) on.
7. He is ... man who robbed the bank.  
a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.
8. The news ... very exciting.  
a) is, b) are, c) were, d) have been.
9. I have no pen. I have nothing to write ... .

a) by, b) with, c) on, d) about.

10. What ... awful weather we're having today.

a) — , b) a, c) an, d) the.

11 Don't worry, your luggage will be looked ... .

a) after, b) over, c) at, d) upon.

12. Have you ever been .....Moscow?

a) at b) in c) to d) about

13. When they arrived ... the station, they rushed to the platform not to miss the train.

a)to c)in  
b) at d) for

14. A dog ran out in front of the car.....we were driving along the road.

a) in case c) if  
b) as d) when

15. This is my ... car and this is my ... house.

a) Parents', brothers c) Parent's, brothers  
b) Parents', brother's d) Parent's, brother's

16. Do you breed..... here?

a) sheep b) sheeps c) sheepes

17. Marcelo H.Del Pilar is one of the greatest ..... of our country.

a) heros b) heroes c) hero's d) heroes'

18. Most Filipino men get along with their .... rather than the Filipino women.

a) mothers-in-law b)mother-in-laws c)mother-in-law

19. From the time of ... Roman invasion foreign trade was a major influence on British cooking.

a) - c) a  
b)the d) an

20. Pablo Picasso didn't like going to school unless he was allowed to take one of his ... pigeons with him.

a) father's c) fathers  
b) fathers' d) father

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	

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### **Task 3. Circle the correct option of the verb form (2 points)**

1. They ... across a field when they were attacked by a bull.

a) walked c) had been walking  
b) have been walking d) were walking

2. He ... for a job for months, but he could find nothing.



b) will lie                                      d) will have been lying

16. My father who ... recently spends all day reading the newspapers.

- a) retired                                      c) retires
- b) has retired                                d) will retire

17. Much that has just been said ... soon.

- a) forget                                      c) will have been forgotten
- b) will forget                                d) will be forgotten

18. There ... interesting news in today's newspaper.

- a) are    c) have been
- b) is    d) were

19.1 ... give you permission for going there, I'm afraid.

- a) doesn't have to                          c) might
- b) can't                                        d) am not to

20. Who ... this ice-cream? - Oh, it's mine. I'm just going to eat it.

- a) didn't eat                                c) doesn't eat
- b) don't eat                                 d) hasn't eaten

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	

**Task 4. Complete the text with the correct verb form (2 points)**

Mr Sherlock Holmes (1 — sit) one morning at the breakfast table in his room in Baker Street. His friend Dr Watson (2 — stand) near the window (3 — examine) a walking stick which a visitor (4 — leave) the day before. "To Dr Mortimer, from his friend," (5 — write) upon it, the date (6 — be) 1884. Sherlock Holmes suddenly (7 — turn) to Watson and (8 — say), "The owner of this stick (9 — have) a dog which (10 — be) larger than a terrier and smaller than a mastiff." Watson (11 — surprise). He (12 — ask), "How you (13 — know)?"

"I (14 — examine) that stick carefully and (15 — notice) the marks of a dog's teeth on it," (16 — answer) Holmes. "They (17 — be) too broad for a terrier and not broad enough for a mastiff. I (18 — suppose) the dog often (19 — carry) the stick behind its master. I (20 — suppose) it (21 — be) a spaniel, in fact it (22 — be) a spaniel."

Holmes (23 — leave) the breakfast table and (24 — stand) near the window as he (25 — say) this. Watson (26 — look) at him in surprise and (27 — ask) how he (28 — can) be so sure of that.

"I (29 — be) sure of it because I (30 — see) the dog at our door and I (31 — hear) the bell which its master (32 — ring). I (33 — wonder) why Dr Mortimer (34 — want) to see Mr Sherlock Holmes. Well, we soon (35 — know). (36 — come) in," he (37 — add). There (38 — be) a knock at the door. The door (39 — open) and Dr Mortimer (40 — appear) in the doorway.

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**Total (level)\_\_\_\_\_**

## Level 2

### **VOCABULARY COMPETENCE**

#### **Task 1. Choose the correct option of the words (4 points)**

1. Brain's room was an .....place.  
A) amazing B) amazed
2. It doesn't matter. It's of no .....  
A) important B) importance
3. If you want to speak English fluently, you need more English.....  
A) practice B) practise
4. It's not easy to operate this machine. We have great ....in doing it,  
A) difficult B) difficulty
5. It's 30 degrees in the shade. The ....is unbearable.  
A) hot B) heat
6. I ...too much. I'm going to have a diet.  
A) weight B) weigh
7. Did you tell anybody about your ...?  
A) lose B) loss
8. How long is it? You should be accurate with the ....  
A) measure B) measurement
9. The police found a ....body in the river.  
A) dead B) died
10. There are several big parks in London ...Hyde Park.  
A) beside B) besides

11. The information comes through secret ...  
A) canals B) channels
12. The disease .....his mind so that he could not remember what he had done.  
A) effected B) affected
13. It isn't very .....to leave the lights on when you're not in the room.  
A) economic B) economical
14. Do you believe in ...the that all men are equal?  
A) principal B) principle
15. He was only three years old when his family ....from Germany.  
A) immigrated B) emigrated
16. The boys .....the old barn for use by the club.  
A) adapted B) adopted
17. Your explanation is too complicated. Could you..... it?  
A) simplify B) simple
18. Our holiday was spoiled by bad ....  
A) weather B) whether
- 19 . Windsor on the Thames .....west of London.  
A) lies B) lays
20. I have to .....you that our business with that company is very important to us.  
A) remember B) remind

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

**Task 2. Read the text and do tasks below (4 points)**

The father of a famous English actress didn't allow her to marry an actor. Nevertheless, one day he was told that his daughter had secretly married one of the actors of his company. The father got angry and decided to punish them both. "Why did you marry an actor when I told you not to do it," he shouted at her, "and besides he is the worst actor in my company who can hardly be called an actor!" — "So dear father, I have obeyed your orders," said the young actress. I have married someone whom you can't call an actor."

***Answer the questions***

1. What did the young actress do against her father's will?

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2. What was the father's mistake?

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*Put the question to the underlined phrase*

The father of a famous English actress didn't allow her to marry an actor.

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## READING COMPREHENSION

### Task 3. Read the text and do tasks below (4 points)

#### "The Computer Revolution"

The first computers appeared right after World War II, and since that time they have changed not only the lives of Americans. They have been changing the lives of people all over the world.

At present wherever the man turns, he finds a computer working. Computers in banks can transfer money from one account to another. Computers are used to launch, guide and track spacecrafts and satellites; they help predict weather and earthquakes. They help people make long distance and local telephone calls. Computers are also used when one reserves space on an airplane. In medical laboratories, computers have reduced the errors in testing, and they have saved doctors' countless hours of work.

Many stores use computers to keep track of sales and orders. Also, many stores use optical scanners to record purchases and total prices. A tiny computer chip controls your washing machine. Computers linked to TV, telephone and satellite networks spread information throughout the world. Without special training it is impossible to understand exactly how a computer does its work. Nevertheless, many people use computers in their daily lives. Computers are everywhere. They are so much a part of our lives that we usually don't even know they are there.

Computers have become the foundation of the modern working world. Today, virtually all types of jobs use them to some degree and all the countries are affected by the "computer revolution".

In future computers will be a million times faster than they are today. They will become easier to use, but anyone who has not learnt how to use the new technology will be seriously disadvantaged, particularly in the field of employment.

#### a) Mark the statements True/False.

1. The first computers appeared in the middle of the 20th century.
2. It was in England that the first computers began to be used.
3. It is hardly possible for people to use computers in their everyday life.
4. Computers have become the foundation of the modern working world.
5. The problem is that in future computers will become more and more complicated to be used.

1	2	3	4	5

#### b) Write down your answers to the following questions.

1. When did the first computers appear?

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2. Computers are used everywhere, aren't they?

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3. What can computers do in banks?

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4. What are other spheres where computers may be used?



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5. It is impossible to understand exactly how a computer works without special training, is it?

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6. Do many people use computers in their daily lives?

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*c) Put five questions (of all types) on the text.*

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**Total (level) 2** \_\_\_\_\_

**Level 3 (10 points)**  
**WRITING**

**Task 1. (5 points)**

**1.1. Make up the sentences with the words given bellow (2 points)**

1. George/about/happy/neither/idea/the/Helen/nor/was.

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2. activities/why/important/all/have/them/is/to/it/for/extra/class/of?

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3. to/ask/catalogue/a/for/wrote/the/Sally/university/to.

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4. he/to/interest/didn't/in/take/seem/any/anything.

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5. street/the/changed/has/recently/been/name/of/the.

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6. you/last/were/too/do/to/homework/night/your/tired?

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7. animals/same/the/as/beings/do/have/emotions/human?

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8. see/she/what/can't/I/looks/wait/to/like.

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9. time/the/is/I/heard/it/have/three/first/years/her/in/from.

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10. here/find/possible/it/such/is/hardly/to/early/him/at/hour/an.

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## **1.2. Complete the dialogue with the necessary questions (1 point).**

Diana is talking to her friend Jason about her week-end.

J: \_\_\_\_\_

D: We went to Cambridge for the day.

J: \_\_\_\_\_

D: No, not very much. We went on the river and John got wet.

J: \_\_\_\_\_

D: The weather was cold and wet.

J: \_\_\_\_\_

D: John enjoyed seeing King's College Chapel most of all.

J: \_\_\_\_\_

D: It took more than three hours. The journey was boring.

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## **1.3. Translate into English the words in brackets (2 points)**

1. Here, children. I have two coins. One is for you, Tommy, (*1- інша*) is for you, Jimmy.
2. There isn't (*2- багато*) interesting news in the paper today.
3. This question is (*3 - набагато*) easier than the last one.
4. Karen hasn't seen this film and Erin hasn't seen it (*4 - також*)
5. Have you heard the (*5 - найостанніші*) news?
6. The boy didn't tell us (*6 – нічого*).
7. This year she buys (*7 – менше*) new things than she did last year.
8. He said it was the (*8 – найгірший*) year he'd had for a long time.
9. I haven't taken (*9 - достатньо*) water for four cups.
10. He can (*10 – вирішити*) any difficult puzzle in ten minutes.
11. Have you read anything interesting (*11- останнім часом*)?
12. He doesn't have (*12 – нікого*) to talk to.
13. I'd like to (*13 – підняти*) some more questions.
14. She (*14 - має звичку*) to working late.
15. All their relations (*15 – крім*) the younger son were present at the family party.
16. If there is a (*16 – вільне*) seat in the hall, you may take it.
17. It's cold today, (*17 - одягни*) your warm coat.
18. Peter doesn't take after his (*18 - старшим*) brother
19. (*19 - Жодна*) of my two younger sisters can dance well.
20. Well, girls, who is going to (*20 - накрити*) the table for tea?

answers:

1	6	11	16
2	7	12	17
3	8	13	18
4	9	14	19
5	10	15	20

## **Task 4. (5 points) Write a composition (100-120 words)**

If you could be a super-hero, what would your name be? What power or ability would you choose to have? Who/what would you choose to protect? From whom/what would you have to save anyone/anything?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



Контрольні завдання з англійської мови (10 клас)

**Розподіл балів**

**Level 1** (8 points)

Task 1 – 2 points

Task 2 – 2 points

Task 3 – 2 points

Task 4 – 2 points

**Level 2** (12 points)

Task 1 – 4 points

Task 2 – 4 points

Task 3 – 4 points

**Level 3** (10 points)

Task 1 – 5 points

Task 2 – 5 points

**Level 1 (8 points)**

**GRAMMAR COMPREHENSION**

**Task 1. Choose the correct form of the verb (2 points)**

- We \_\_\_\_\_ to the top of Holborn Hill before I \_\_\_\_\_ that he was not smiling at all.  
a) had got, knew                      c) were getting, knew  
b) got, knew                              d) have got, have known
- Turning from the Temple gate as soon as I \_\_\_\_\_ the warning, I \_\_\_\_\_ my way to Fleet Street, and then \_\_\_\_\_ to Covent Garden.  
a) was reading, made, drove  
b) have read, made, drove  
c) had read, made, drove  
d) read, made, drove
- Seventy-seven detective novels and books of stories by Agatha Christie \_\_\_\_\_ into every major language, and her sales \_\_\_\_\_ in tens of millions.  
a) are translated, are calculated  
b) were translated, were calculated  
c) have been translated, are calculated  
d) had been translated, were calculated
- Our new neighbours \_\_\_\_\_ in Arizona for ten years before moving to their present house.  
a) had been living                      c) have been living  
b) lived                                      d) were living
- A major problem in the construction of new buildings is that windows \_\_\_\_\_ while air conditioning systems  
a) have been eliminated, have not been perfected  
b) were eliminated, were not perfected  
c) had been eliminated, had not been perfected  
d) eliminate, are not perfected
- The boy sitting next to me on the plane was nervous because he \_\_\_\_\_ before.  
a) has not flown                      c) had not flown  
b) did not fly                              d) has not been flying
- Water \_\_\_\_\_ at 100 degrees.  
a) boils                                      c) will boil  
b) is boiling                                d) will have been boiling
- The weather..... hotter and hotter.  
a) gets                                      c) is getting  
b) has been getting                      d) get
- The first modern Olympics \_\_\_\_\_ in Athens more than a hundred years ago.  
a) were taking place                      c) have taken

b) took                      d) had taken

10. We \_\_\_\_\_ 20 new buildings this year.

- a) built                      c) had built  
b) were building              d) have built

11. I \_\_\_\_\_ when my friend \_\_\_\_\_.

- a) slept, called  
b) was sleeping, was calling  
c) was sleeping, called  
d) slept, was calling

12. What time \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_\_?

- a) did happen                  c) had happened  
b) has happened              d) was happening

13. Tomorrow at five he \_\_\_\_\_ football.

- a) 'll play                      c) plays  
b) 'll be playing              d) play

14. This time last year he \_\_\_\_\_ in London.

- a) lived                      c) 'll live  
b) was living                d) has lived

15. When I \_\_\_\_\_ it \_\_\_\_\_ yesterday.

- a) wake up, was raining      c) woke up, was raining  
b) woke up, rained          d) 've woken up, was raining

16. Next week he \_\_\_\_\_ to Paris on business.

- a) is going                      c) goes  
b) is going to go              d) go

17. They \_\_\_\_\_ this article by 5 p.m. yesterday.

- a) have translated              c) had translated  
b) translated                  d) had been translated

18. Mary is disappointed because her son \_\_\_\_\_ exams.

- a) failed                      c) fails  
b) has failed                  d) had failed

19. This is the first time I \_\_\_\_\_ bread with honey.

- a) ate                          c) am eating  
b) eat                          d) have eaten

20. He \_\_\_\_\_ at me and \_\_\_\_\_ into silence.

- a) had looked, fell              c) was looking, fell  
b) looked, fell                  d) looked, had fallen

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

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**Task 2. Use the right article if necessary (2 points)**

1. ... English will endure any amount of ... humiliation and ... suffering if you can promise them ... nice cup of .. tea at ... end of it.
2. There is ... strong tradition of ... hard work and ... good manners in ... English Internet School. And ... terrific atmosphere!
3. At one end of ... town stood ... old church. Most of ... shops lay beyond ... church.
4. ... teddy bear has come out of the nursery and into ... auction room to fetch ... massive prices. ... bears are one of ... few collectables that touch ... heart. They are very loving.
5. ... cosmetic surgery was once ... extravagance of ... rich and famous, but nowadays more and more people are going under ... knife in ... pursuit of ... better body and face.
6. Two thousand years ago 20 000 people lived in ... Pompeii, ... city in ... southern Italy, off ... Bay of ... Naples. ... Pompeii was built at ... foot of ... Vesuvius, ... volcano 4,000 feet high.
7. ... most famous battle in ... English history was ... Battle of Hastings.
8. ... traffic warden is ... man or ... woman who controls car parking in towns.
9. Before ... driver has passed ... driving test, he must carry ... red and white L-plate on... back and on ... front of ... car.
10. ... head of ... Church of England is ... Archbishop of Canterbury.
11. ... emirate is ... country that is ruled by ... emir. ... emir is ... Muslim ruler, especially in ... South-West Asia and ... West Africa.
12. ... British Finance Minister is called ... Chancellor of ... Exchequer.
13. When ... woman agrees to marry ... man, he gives her ... engagement ring.
14. ... head of ... British university is called ... vice-Chancellor.
15. ... life is easier than you would think; all that is necessary is to accept ... impossible, do without ... indispensable, and bear ... intolerable.

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**Task 3. Fill in the blanks with the appropriate pre-positions where necessary (2 points).**

1. I got lost \_\_\_ Mike's house! I went \_\_\_ my bedroom, went \_\_\_ some stairs, walked \_\_\_ a corridor, came \_\_\_ the lounge, walked \_\_\_ an arch, went \_\_\_ some stairs and \_\_\_ the end I found myself \_\_\_ my bedroom again.
2. Do you know that Alice is \_\_\_ love \_\_\_ Pete?
3. While you dress \_\_\_ dinner, I'll go \_\_\_ the shop \_\_\_ the road. I'll be \_\_\_\_\_ time.
4. The news \_\_\_ the accident came \_\_\_ a great shock \_\_\_ him.
5. Let's look at my school photo. Can you recognise me \_\_\_ it? — I think you are \_\_\_ left corner. — No, you are mistaken. I am \_\_\_ the back \_\_\_ the last row.

6. \_\_\_ the Middle Ages London was rather a big city. In the 16<sup>th</sup> century (\_\_\_ the time of Shakespeare) it became a prosperous capital. 7. Sit \_\_\_ the armchair and write your name \_\_\_ block letters \_\_\_ the top of the page. Write all dates \_\_\_ words, not \_\_\_ figures.
7. Sicily is an island \_\_\_ the coast \_\_\_ Italy.
8. I am afraid, I won't be able to find the theatre. — Oh, our town is rather small and you'll find it easily. Go \_\_\_ bus till Victoria Station. Turn right \_\_\_ the square. \_\_\_ the theatre there are two palms, and \_\_\_ the theatre there is a swimming pool. \_\_\_ the theatre there is a coffee bar.
9. The typist sits \_\_\_ the chair, with a lamp \_\_\_ her.
10. You didn't do it \_\_\_ mistake! You did it \_\_\_ purpose!
11. After the accident I had to go \_\_\_ hospital \_\_\_ a while. I was \_\_\_ hospital \_\_\_ four days, and then spent another week \_\_\_ bed \_\_\_ home.
12. \_\_\_ the end of the day, most of my colleagues go straight \_\_\_ home, but I prefer to stroll \_\_\_ the streets \_\_\_ the centre.
13. I quite agree \_\_\_ you that going \_\_\_ air is the quickest and safest means of transport, but I am always airsick \_\_\_ the plane.
14. Do you remember the robber? — Well, he was a man \_\_\_ thirty-five, \_\_\_ thin hair, \_\_\_ dark jeans. He looked \_\_\_ an Italian, and used his magazine \_\_\_ a sort of mask.

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**Task 4. Choose the most suitable modal verb (2 point)**

1. You (1) \_\_\_\_\_ to be respectful when you \_\_\_\_\_ (2) to make a trip in Afganistan. And namely you \_\_\_\_\_ (3) greet someone with the left hand. Besides you \_\_\_\_\_ (4) praise any thing in your host's house because according to the old custom they \_\_\_\_\_ (5) to give what you liked to you.

- |              |              |              |             |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| a)           | b)           | c)           | d)          |
| 1. must      | 1. ought     | 1) bought    | 1. ought    |
| 2. have      | 2. have      | 2. must      | 2. have     |
| 3. mustn't   | 3. mustn't   | 3. shouldn't | 3. needn't  |
| 4. shouldn't | 4. shouldn't | 4. mustn't   | 4. oughtn't |
| 5. ought     | 5. ought     | 5. ought     | 5. ought    |

2 - I \_\_\_\_\_ (1) your help. Tomorrow I \_\_\_\_\_ (2) to go away for a fortnight. My dog \_\_\_\_\_ (3) be fed twice a day.

- I'm sorry I \_\_\_\_\_ (4), but you \_\_\_\_\_ (5) ask somebody else to take care of your pet.

- |         |             |             |             |
|---------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| a)      | b)          | c)          | d)          |
| 1. need | 1. need     | 1. need     | 1. need     |
| 2. must | 2. 'll have | 2. 'll have | 2. 'll have |
| 3. must | 3. must     | 3. needs    | 3. must     |

- |          |          |          |             |
|----------|----------|----------|-------------|
| 4. can't | 4. can't | 4. can't | 4. couldn't |
| 5. may   | 5. may   | 5. may   | 5. may      |

3.- \_\_\_\_\_(1) you \_\_\_\_\_(1) to study hard last week?

- Yes, I did. I \_\_\_\_\_(2) to write the composition which I \_\_\_\_\_(3) to give my teacher today.

— I suppose you \_\_\_\_\_(4) be in a hurry because the teacher \_\_\_\_\_(5) be ill.

- |             |              |              |              |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| a)          | b)           | c)           | d)           |
| 1. do, have | 1. did, have | 1. did, have | 1. did, have |
| 2. had      | 2. had       | 2. had       | 2. had       |
| 3. am       | 3. must      | 3. am        | 3. am        |
| 4. need not | 4. need not  | 4. needed    | 4. need not  |
| 5. may      | 5. may       | 5. may       | 5. may       |

4. Yesterday I \_\_\_\_\_(1) to do my homework late at night because before I \_\_\_\_\_(2) to go to the library to look through some necessary material. Only then I \_\_\_\_\_(3) proceed to home assignments. I \_\_\_\_\_(4) to do all of them, since I was tired. But the other day I \_\_\_\_\_(5) do everything early in the morning.

- |                |                |                |             |
|----------------|----------------|----------------|-------------|
| a)             | b)             | c)             | d)          |
| 1. must        | 1. had         | 1. had         | 1. had      |
| 2. needed      | 2. need        | 2. needed      | 2. needed   |
| 3. could       | 3. could       | 3. could       | 3. couldn't |
| 4. wasn't able | 4. wasn't able | 4. wasn't able | 4. was able |
| 5. could       | 5. could       | 5. could       | 5. could    |

5. Today my elder brother \_\_\_\_\_(1) to do a lot of things. I \_\_\_\_\_(2) help him if I \_\_\_\_\_(3) take his car. But he refused to give it to me. He thought he \_\_\_\_\_(4) do on his own instead of \_\_\_\_\_(5) to pay fines for my bad driving

- |           |           |           |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| a)        | b)        | c)        | d)        |
| 1. has    | 1. has    | 1. has    | 1. has    |
| 2. could  | 2. can    | 2. could  | 2. could  |
| 3. might  | 3. might  | 3. may    | 3. might  |
| 4. could  | 4. can    | 4. can    | 4. can    |
| 5. having | 5. having | 5. having | 5. having |

6. My friend \_\_\_\_\_(1) understand that she \_\_\_\_\_(2) read a lot of books to pass her Literature exam, that she \_\_\_\_\_(3) to take in three days. I am sure she \_\_\_\_\_(4) to reread all the books she \_\_\_\_\_(5).

- |               |               |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| a)            | b)            | c)            | d)            |
| 1. can't      | 1. can't      | 1. can't      | 1. can't      |
| 2. ought      | 2. must       | 2. must       | 2. must       |
| 3. '11 have   | 3. '11 have   | 3. has        | 3. '11 have   |
| 4. isn't able | 4. isn't able | 4. isn't able | 4. isn't able |
| 5. needs      | 5. needs      | 5. needs      | 5. need       |

7. - \_\_\_\_\_(1) you retell this text in English right now?

- Unfortunately I \_\_\_\_\_(2). \_\_\_\_\_(3) to do this I \_\_\_\_\_(4) to repeat some words which I \_\_\_\_\_(5).

- |               |            |               |               |
|---------------|------------|---------------|---------------|
| a)            | b)         | c)            | d)            |
| 1. can        | 1. can     | 1. must       | 1. shall      |
| 2. can't      | 2. can't   | 2. can't      | 2. can't      |
| 3. to be able | 3. be able | 3. to be able | 3. to be able |
| 4. have       | 4. have    | 4. must       | 4. can        |
| 5. need-      | 5. need    | 5. can        | 5. need       |



8. - \_\_\_\_\_(1) I come in?

— No, you \_\_\_\_\_(2) because the bell has already rung.

- Oh, I'm sorry. \_\_\_\_\_(3) I go to the dean's office for permission?

- No, you \_\_\_\_\_(4). You \_\_\_\_\_(5) join us after the break.

- |            |            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| a)         | b)         | c)         | d)         |
| 1. shall   | 1. may     | 1. may     | 1. may     |
| 2. mustn't | 2. must    | 2. mustn't | 2. mustn't |
| 3. shall   | 3. shall   | 3. shall   | 3. shall   |
| 4. needn't | 4. needn't | 4. need    | 4. needn't |
| 5. may     | 5. may     | 5. may     | 5. may     |

9. My friend and I \_\_\_\_\_(1) to do a part-time job \_\_\_\_\_(2) to make a trip to the Far East. But yesterday my friend said he \_\_\_\_\_(3) go there because he \_\_\_\_\_(4) to look after his sister who \_\_\_\_\_(5) be seriously ill.

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| a)            | b)            |
| 1. must       | 1. had        |
| 2. to be able | 2. to be able |
| 3. couldn't   | 3. couldn't   |
| 4. would have | 4. would have |
| 5. might      | 5. might      |

10.- The plane to Boston \_\_\_\_\_(1) to take off in 15 minutes. \_\_\_\_\_(2) you do me a favour? \_\_\_\_\_(3) I pass through the Customs without checking my suitcase?

- I'm sorry you \_\_\_\_\_(4). All passengers \_\_\_\_\_(5) open their suitcases.

- |            |            |            |          |
|------------|------------|------------|----------|
| a)         | b)         | c)         | d)       |
| 1. is      | 1. will    | 1. is      | 1. is    |
| 2. could   | 2. can     | 2. could   | 2. could |
| 3. may     | 3. may     | 3. shall   | 3. may   |
| 4. may not | 4. may not | 4. may not | 4. may   |
| 5. must    | 5. must    | 5. must    | 5. Must  |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

**Total- level 1 \_\_\_\_\_**

**Level 2**  
**VOCABULARY COMPETENCE**

**Test 1. Match the sentences on the left with the suitable one on the right. (4 points)**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| 1. If you eat more than you _____             | A) she wouldn't sing in the need, bath. |
| 2. If the dog keeps barking, _____            | B) what would you do?                   |
| 3. If I were you, _____                       | C) he would never get this job.         |
| 4. If he had driven carefully, _____          | D) the extra calories turn into fat.    |
| 5. If you are not doing anything later, _____ | E) we will go to the theatre.           |
| 6. Had the ice not melted _____               | F) he might have avoid that accident.   |

7. Henry spoke to his dog as if \_\_\_\_\_ G) the neighbors will complain.  
 8. I wish \_\_\_\_\_ H) we would have been here earlier.  
 9. If it were not for your uncle, \_\_\_\_\_ I) why don't you buy a computer?  
 10. If I have time, \_\_\_\_\_ J) it could understand him.  
 11. If I met a fairy one day, \_\_\_\_\_ K) I wouldn't buy these jeans.  
 12. If I had known you were coming, \_\_\_\_\_ L) we could go skating.  
 13. If you were in my shoes, \_\_\_\_\_ M) come and see us.  
 14. But for the traffic jam \_\_\_\_\_ N) I would make a wish.  
 15. If you have enough money \_\_\_\_\_ O) I could have met you at the station.

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

**Task 2. (4 points)**

**2.1 Match the words with their definitions (2 point).**

1. basin	A) a means of carrying or conveying;
2. behavior	B) a fine, white ware made of clay baked by a special process, first used in China;
3. career	C) moisture in the air that can be seen;
4. chapter	D) a room for receiving and entertaining guests;
5. china	E) a group of animals or plants that have certain permanent characteristics in common;
6. currency	F) money in actual use in a country;
7. discount	G) a way of acting;
8. merchant	H) a person who buys and sells wholesale or on a large scale;
9. orchard	I) a piece of ground on which fruit trees are grown;
10. parlor	J) the amount taken off from a price;
11. snail	K) a main division of a book, written about a particular part of the subject or story;
12. species	L) a person or a thing able to give evidence;
13. vapor	M) general course of action through life;
14. vehicle	N) all the land drained by a river and the streams that flow into it;
15. witness	O) a small animal with a soft body that crawls very slowly

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

**2.2. In each exercise you are to decide which one of four answers has most nearly the same meaning as the word in heavy black type above them. Circle the correct answer (2 points)**

<p>1. pretty blossoms A) pictures B) clothes C) ribbons D) flowers</p> <p>2. an empty pail A) bucket B) pitcher C) basket D) jar</p> <p>3. to injure one's teeth A) brush B) clean C) examine D) harm</p> <p>4. an ancient story A) humorous B) terrible C) old D) lively</p> <p>5. to increase the amount A) divide up B) use up C) take away D) add to</p>	<p>6. to aid the nurse A) ask B) listen to C) help D) rescue</p> <p>7. are very grateful A) delighted B) helpful C) thankful D) thoughtful</p> <p>8. a knowledge of agriculture A) sewing B) finance C) farming D) handicraft</p> <p>9. to omit a number A) leave out B) choose C) put down D) add</p> <p>10. to persuade her A) assist B) force C) understand D) convince</p>
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answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10

**Task 3. (4 points)**

**3.1. Fill in the gaps with the words after the text (2 points)**

Parents told to get tough on crying babies  
(By Nigel Hawkes, Health Editor)

PARENTS whose babies will not sleep through the night should try taking a tougher (1), a trial in Austraha has suggested. «Controlled crying» - in (2) parents gradually take longer and longer to respond to a crying baby - soon persuades the baby to go (3) to sleep of its own accord, two doctors at the Royal Children's Hospital in Melbourne found. The strategy worked much better than getting up (4) every time the baby cried. Many parents (5) this out for themselves, but judging by the number of mothers who complain that their lives have been ruined by crying babies, many have not.

The doctors divided 156 mothers of babies with sleep problems (6) two groups. Half the mothers (7) to use the controlled crying technique, and the other half - the control group - were simply mailed a single sheet of paper detailing the nonnal sleep patterns in babies of this age.

After two months the sleep problems had been resolved in 53 out of 76 babies whose mothers used the controlled crying technique, (8) with 36 out of 76 who did not - a significant difference.

1. 1) position      2) attitude      3) hold      4) response
2. 1) what          2) such          3) which      4) when
3. 1) back          2) on            3) down      4) up
4. 1) soon          2) often        3) quickly    4) immediately
5. 1) found        2) have found   3) finding    4) find
6. 1) with         2) to            3) into        4) for
7. 1) teach        2) were teaching 3) been taught 4) were taught
8. 1) compared    2) unlike        3) opposed    4) together

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

**3.2. Match the English idioms in the left column with their Ukrainian equivalents in the right column (2 points)**

- |                                     |                         |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. to put a hole in ones pocketbook | A. Будь-якою ціною      |
| 2. to go to pot                     | B. Збити з рук          |
| 3. to go for a song                 | C. Ні за які гроші      |
| 4. at all costs                     | D. Обійтися у копійчку  |
| 5. to jack up the price             | E. Вилетіти в трубу     |
| 6. to flood the market              | F. Піти за безцінь      |
| 7. to feather ones nest             | G. бути не по кишені    |
| 8. not for love or money            | H. Платити в три дорого |
| 9. to cost a pretty penny           | I. Нагріти руки         |
| 10. to pay through the nose         | J. Наповнити ринок      |
| 11. to get something off ones hands | K. Набити ціну          |

\_\_\_\_\_ **Total (level 2)** \_\_\_\_\_

**Level 3**  
**WRITING**

**Task 1. Translate from Ukrainian into English (5 points)**

1. Ви вирішили, де будете проводити канікули?
2. Я маю намір закінчити цю роботу до півночі.
3. Це самі той костюм, який я придбав у Парижі.
4. Ми усе ще чекаємо на нього.
5. Колись він гарно читав вірші.
6. Це та дівчина, яку ми зустріли учора в театрі.
7. Я часто зустрічаю твого друга, коли повертаюся додому.
8. Останні кілька днів у нас чудова сонячна погода.
9. Дивись! Біля перукарні стоїть наша вчителька з німецької мови. Вірогідно, вона на когось чекає.
10. Наступного тижня ми переїжджаємо до нової трикімнатної квартири.
11. Джек сказав, що він уже умився і говорив снідати.
12. Де ти був? Ми чекаємо тебе з полудня.
13. Скільки тобі було років, коли ти почав вивчати Італійську?
14. Дощ ллє з самого ранку.
15. Вони повідомили нас, що стояли під дощем цілу годину, чекаючи льготний на тролейбус.
16. Якби ти вибрав інший вірш, ти б його вже давно вивчив.

17. Коли вийде друком твоя стаття про проблеми оточуючого середовища?
18. Його бачили з високою жінкою біля центрального супермаркету.
19. Схоже, що ситуація змінюється.
20. Виконуючи цю справу, зверніть увагу на незнайомі слова.
21. Я б хотів, щоб листа відразу відправили до посольства США.
22. Обережно. Віктор фарбує вхідні двері.
23. Вона навчалася музиці, коли проживала у Відні.
24. Пан Петренко ніколи не карав своїх дітей.
25. Я купив цю картину в Японії минулого літа.
26. Раніше люди вважали, що Сонце крутиться навколо Землі.
27. Я помітив, що якийсь чоловік проходив повз мені, але не звернув уваги.
28. Вони чули, що професор щось говорить, але не слухали його.
29. Вам видно, що я написав на плакаті?
30. Вам чутно, що говорить репортер?

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**Task 2. (5 points) Write a composition (120-150 words)**

Holidays are specific times when people excitedly give and receive meaningful presents to and from loved ones signifying their love for one another. What do you think is better: to give or to receive presents? Why? What present do you especially wish for? Why do you want this thing (these things)? If you had the money or ability to give one person in the world anything, to whom would you give it, and what would you give?

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***Total (level 3)*** \_\_\_\_\_

Контрольні завдання з англійської мови (11 клас)

**Розподіл балів**

**Level 1** (8 points)

Task 1 – 2 points

Task 2 – 2 points

Task 3 – 2 points

Task 4 – 2 points

**Level 2** (12 points)

Task 1 – 4 points

Task 2 – 4 points

Task 3 – 4 points

**Level 3** (10 points)

Task 1 – 5 points

Task 2 – 5 points

**Level 1 (8 points)**

**Grammar Comprehension**

**Task 1. Choose the correct option of the word form (2 points)**

1. The damage \_\_\_\_ to the house was extensive and he got them \_\_\_\_ for it.  
A having made, pay  
B done, to pay  
C having done, pay  
D made, to pay
2. I only know that when a child of seven I was the proud owner of a pony and used to \_\_\_\_ riding with papa. I was not afraid of \_\_\_\_\_ at all.  
A go, to fall                      C go, falling  
B going, falling                 D going, to fall
3. I can't help \_\_\_\_\_ at his meanness. He again decided against \_\_\_\_\_ his old aunt. He says he can't afford \_\_\_\_\_ so much money on medicine.  
A surprising, to help, to spend  
B being surprised, helping, to spend  
C to be surprised, helping, spending  
D to surprise, to help, spending
4. Granny evidently \_\_\_\_ us, that's why we \_\_\_\_ knock loudly before she opened the door.  
A did not hear, had to  
B must not have heard, must  
C may not hear, were to  
D might not have heard, should
5. Let's \_\_\_\_\_ before it \_\_\_\_\_ raining.  
a) to go out, starts                'c) go out, '11 start  
b) go out, starts                    d) going out, '11 start
6. I want to go shopping but if you \_\_\_\_\_ to come, you  
a) want, need                        c) don't want, needn't  
b) not want, needn't                d) do want, needn't
7. I \_\_\_\_ to the beach. The sea was rough and no one dared \_\_\_\_\_.  
A needn't have gone, to swim  
B needn't go, swimming



C can't have gone, swim

D couldn't go, to swim

8. We \_\_\_ meet Jack tomorrow. — You \_\_\_ to him of the matter long ago. Why keep him in the dark?

A should, must have spoken

B have to, may speak

C are to, should have spoken

D might, need to speak

9. We'll make a good progress in English provided we \_\_\_\_\_ hard.

a) '11 study

c) study

b) are studying

d) won't study

10. I don't know when they \_\_\_\_\_.

a) '11 come

c) came

b) come

d) are coming

11. \_\_\_\_\_ that you were busy with your composition, she \_\_\_\_\_ to see you.

a) had she known, wouldn't have come

b) she had known, wouldn't have come

c) had she known, didn't come

d) did she know, wouldn't have come

12. It is desirable that she \_\_\_ at the conference. Our director demands that everybody \_\_\_ at 3 o'clock.

A is present, comes

B will be present, will come

C be present, come

D would be present, would come

13. The sellers demanded that payment \_\_\_ within five days.

A were made

B would be made

C should be made

D is made

14. The family \_\_\_ now \_\_\_ to begin their struggle with the soil.

A have been, fair equipping

B is, fairly equipped

C has been, fairly equipping

D have been, fairly equipped

15. \_\_\_ them with about \_\_\_ provisions, he started out with a party of seventeen, all that \_\_\_ able to travel.

A Leaving, a seven-day, were B Having left, seven days', were C Left, seven day's, was

D Leaving, a seven-day, was

16. For 800 years \_\_\_ University of Oxford \_\_\_ minds and confounding outsiders in equal measure.

A the, has been polishing, roughly

B \_\_\_, has been polished, rough

- C the, had polished, roughly
- D \_\_\_\_, had been polishing, rough

17. Schliemann's career as an archaeologist \_\_\_\_ late in his life, after he \_\_\_\_\_ wealth in business.

- A has begun, has accumulated
- B began, had accumulated
- C had begun, accumulated
- D had begun, had accumulated

18. . Steven said that he \_\_\_\_\_ to attend the seminar as he was going to see his grandmother.

- a) will not be able                      c) was not be able
- b) would not be able                 d) will have not been able

19. She kept \_\_\_\_\_ they must be economical \_\_\_\_ they were not rich.

- A on saying, though
- B say, till
- C saying, since
- D to say, as

20. A good husband will always regard his wife \_\_\_\_ his equal and never address her with an air of authority, as if she \_\_\_\_\_ a mere housekeeper.

- A to be, were                              C as, were
- B be, was                                    D being, are

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

**Task 2. Open the brackets and use the verb in the appropriate form of the Passive Voice, (2 points)**

- 1, The first draft resolution (not discuss) yesterday; it (withdraw) long before the beginning of the meeting.
2. He is not in town; he (send) on a special mission,
3. Don't come into the compartment; the berth (fix) now.
4. A new underground line (construct) now. They say one of its stations (build) in my street.
5. He wants to know when the final decision (take). The activities of the committee and their delays already much (speak) about.
6. It was three o'clock. We (tell) to hurry up because we (wait).
7. Do you believe that such a problem can (solve)?
8. It must (do) without delays.
9. On September 9, 1850, California (admit) to the Union as the thirty-first state.
10. Don't speak in a loud voice: we (listen).
11. The plan (approve)? — No, it (discuss) now. — How long it (discuss)?
12. By the time he arrives everything (settle).
13. Not all the necessary things (buy) for our trip that's why the departure (postpone).
14. The money (lend) to him two months ago, but it (not give) back yet.
15. The business day was in high gear: the mail (look) through, documents (type), letters (answer), talks (hold).
16. Wait a minute. The table (lay).

17. Dynamite (invent) by Alfred Bernhard Nobel.
18. This exercise may (write) with a pencil.
19. This work (do) before you went to Moscow?
20. If you (ask) about it, will you be able to answer?

answers:

- |      |      |
|------|------|
| 1 -  | 11 - |
| 2 -  | 12 - |
| 3 -  | 13 - |
| 4 -  | 14 - |
| 5 -  | 15 - |
| 6 -  | 16 - |
| 7 -  | 17 - |
| 8 -  | 18 - |
| 9 -  | 19 - |
| 10 - | 20   |

**Task 3. Choose the right variant (2 points)**

1. Only \_\_\_ the deserts \_\_\_ the Rockies and the Sierras, \_\_\_ the mountains and \_\_\_ the plains of eastern Kansas and Nebraska the American Indians still dominated the land.
  - a) on, between, in, in
  - b) at, among, at, on
  - c) in, between, in, on
  - d) in, among, in, on
  
2. \_\_\_ 1812 Russian fur traders established Fort Ross \_\_\_ California's northern coast and it functioned \_\_\_ a Russian trading post \_\_\_ 1841 when, \_\_\_ order from Alaska, the fort was dismantled.
  - a) in, on, as, until, by
  - b) on, at, as, by, through
  - c) at, in, like, till, at
  - d) during, along, like, in, by
  
3. Abraham Lincoln was born \_\_\_ February 12, 1809 \_\_\_ a small farm \_\_\_ Kentucky \_\_\_ the family of a wandering laborer.
  - a) in, at, in, to
  - b) on, on, in, in
  - c) at, in, near, of
  - d) on, to, by, among
  
4. The high brown-painted bookshelves \_\_\_ the wall \_\_\_ the fireplace were full \_\_\_ books.
  - a) at, in front of, with
  - b) across, opposite, of

- c) along, below, in
- d) near, above, off

5. Chicago lies \_\_\_ 800 miles inland \_\_\_ the Atlantic Ocean and \_\_\_ centuries was known only \_\_\_ Indians \_\_\_ a small trading post.

- a) around, off, for, for, as
- b) nearly, from, during, to, like
- c) near, across, since, for, like
- d) about, from, for, to, as

6. They walked slowly \_\_\_ the road \_\_\_ two small hills tired \_\_\_ the hot afternoon sun.

- a) in, between, from
- b) through, among, from
- c) along, between, of
- d) on, across, of

7. When I come \_\_\_ some English words which I don't know I always look them \_\_\_ in the dictionary.

- a) to, for
- b) on, through
- c) for, into
- d) across, up

8. The Milky Way, \_\_\_ a river \_\_\_ the night sky, consists \_\_\_ countless stars too faint to be seen separately.

- a) like, across, of
- b) like, in, from
- c) as, across, of
- d) as, in, from

9. \_\_\_, trials the judge always objects \_\_\_ questions that suggest answers instead of asking \_\_\_ information.

- a) in, \_\_\_, \_\_\_
- b) at, to, for
- c) on, at, \_\_\_
- d) during, on, to

10. Responsibility \_\_\_ providing school education is shared \_\_\_ the central department and local education authorities.

- a) at, by
- b) on, between
- c) for, by
- d) to, among

11. \_\_\_ a moment he hesitated; then he walked straight \_\_\_ the door and knocked \_\_\_ it. "I'll say I've knocked \_\_\_ mistake," he thought.

- a) in, into, to, on

- b) during, up, on, because of
- c) on, up to, against, through
- d) for, to, at, by

12. Many of the first immigrants died \_\_\_ diseases, and their ships were often battered \_\_\_ storm and lost \_\_\_ sea.

- a) from, with, in
- b) of, by, at
- c) from, by, at
- d) of, with, in

13. The solution \_\_\_ the problem was to build a merchant fleet and look \_\_\_ markets \_\_\_ far corners of the earth. So trade became the key \_\_\_ prosperity.

- a) of, up, in, of
- b) to, upon, at, to
- c) to, for, in, to
- d) of, for, at, to

14. Situated \_\_\_ the San Francisco Bay and \_\_\_ the steep hills, San Francisco is a colourful city \_\_\_ lovely vistas, beautiful bridges ( \_\_\_ these the famous Golden Gate Bridge) and richly decorated private mansions.

- a) along, among, of, among
- b) across, between, with, between
- c) near, in, of, between
- d) along, between, for, among

15. He crossed the street and sat \_\_\_ one of the iron benches that were placed \_\_\_ the trees \_\_\_ the shade.

- a) on, near, at
- b) in, under, on
- c) on, under, in
- d) at, at, to

16. I shouted \_\_\_ my aunt and she came downstairs. My uncle was sitting \_\_\_ his armchair \_\_\_ the fire reading *The Financial Times*.

- a) to, on, in front of
- b) at, in, opposite
- c) to, in, by
- d) at, into, near

17. \_\_\_ the very beginning he became very popular \_\_\_ his classmates owing \_\_\_ his striking ability \_\_\_ telling frightening stories.

- a) in, among, due, for
- b) at, with, to, to
- c) on, between, for, of
- d) at, with, to, of

18. Jack did not much care \_\_\_ his host. It never occurred \_\_\_ him that he might be a burden.

- a) about, for
- b) for, to
- c) of, of
- d) for, for

19. I am so sorry \_\_\_ being late. It's been good \_\_\_ you to wait \_\_\_ me.

- a) for, for, for
- b) of, of, of
- c) about, for, \_\_\_
- d) for, of, for

20. Her job \_\_\_ a tourist guide consists \_\_\_ taking tourists \_\_\_ the town and answering \_\_\_ their questions.

- a) as, of, round, \_\_\_
- b) as, from, about, to
- c) like, in, through, \_\_\_
- d) like, of, to, to

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20

**Task 4. (2 points)**

**a) Complete the sentences using gerunds as direct objects.**

- 1. I suggest ...
- 2. They intended ...
- 3. Everybody enjoys ...
- 4. They couldn't avoid ...
- 5. He doesn't remember ...
- 6. I regret ...
- 7. He never mentioned ...
- 8. Would you mind ... ?
- 9. The car (house, shoes, watch) wants/want ...
- 10. They were busy ...
- 11. Just imagine ...
- 12. She denied ...
- 13. I don't feel like ...

**b) Complete the sentences using gerunds as prepositional objects.**

- 1. The boy is very clever at ...
- 2. She was fond of ...
- 3. Thank you for ...
- 4. I don't insist on ...
- 5. He succeeded in ...
- 6. I'm not used to ...

7. We were tired of ...
8. He prevented her from ...
9. Do you find any difficulty in ... ?
10. Does anyone object to ... ?
11. His friends accused me of ...
12. Nobody suspected us of ...
13. We are most grateful to our guide for ...
- 14- He never thought of ...

**c) Complete the following.**

1. The book was difficult ...
2. She's pleasant ...
3. This problem won't be difficult ...
4. The sentence is easy ...
5. His stories are too incredible ...
6. The house was charming ...
7. He was rather difficult ...
8. Is your friend easy ... ?
9. ... to remember.
10. ... to avoid.
11. ... to watch.
12. ... to look at.
13. ... to understand.
14. ... to follow.
15. ... to forget.

\_\_\_\_\_

**Total (level )\_\_\_\_\_**

**Level 2**  
**VOCABULARY COMPETENCE**

**Task 1.**

**1.1. Match the word on the left with its partner on the right. (2 points)**

*Example: a piece      music — a piece of music*

1) a lump	a) lightening	
2) a bit	b) thunder	
3) a flash	c) clothing	
4) a stroke	d) air	
5) a slice	e) salt	
6) a clap	f) bread	
7) a sum	g) rain	
8) an article	h) milk	
9) a loaf	i) soap	
10) a bar	j) toothpaste	
11) a spot	k) cloth	
12) a carton	l) furniture	
13) a tube	m) paper	
14) a puff	n) cheese	

15) an item	o) money	
16) a sheet	p) luck	
17) a strip	q) ice	
18) a grain	r) sugar	
19) a block	s) information	
20) a breath	t) smoke	

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	

**1.2. Choose the right variant (2 points)**

1. \_\_\_\_\_ does the word "phenomenon" come from?

- a) when                                      c) where  
b) why                                        d) what

2. \_\_\_\_\_ kind of weather do you like?

- a) what                                        c) that  
b) which                                      d) where

3. \_\_\_\_\_ country does the Thames flow through?

- a) what                                        c) where  
b) which                                      d) that

4. \_\_\_\_\_ was the first man to invent a printing machine?

- a) which                                      c) that  
b) what                                        d) who

5. \_\_\_\_\_ does MSU stand for?

- a) which                                      c) who  
b) what                                        d) where

6. \_\_\_\_\_ did Madonna marry?

- a) which                                      c) that  
b) who                                        d) what

7. \_\_\_\_\_ did Bush become the American president?

- a) what                                        c) when  
b) where                                      d) whom

8. \_\_\_\_\_ country did the Vikings invade in the eighth century?

- a) which                                      c) that  
b) whose                                      d) what

9. Could you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ time it is? a) which                                      b) what  
c) that                                        d) when

10. I am always forgetting \_\_\_\_\_ I've put my glasses.

- a) where                                      c) how  
b) when                                        d) who

11. We haven't decided \_\_\_\_\_ we are going to do on holiday.

- a) who                                        c) why





- a) where                                    c) which  
b) what                                        d) why

25.1 wonder \_\_\_ the weather in the Crimea is like now.

- a) what                                        c) which  
b) that                                         d) how good

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	

**Task 2. Read the text and choose the necessary words instead of the numbers (4 points)**

The Great Depression in the United States, the worst and longest (1)\_\_\_collapse in the history of the modern industrial world, lasted from the end of 1929 until the early 1940s. Beginning in the United States, the depression spread to most of the world's industrial countries, which in the 20th century had become economically (2)\_\_\_on one another. The Great Depression saw rapid declines in the production and sale of goods and a sudden, severe rise in (3) \_\_\_\_\_. Businesses and banks closed their doors, people lost their jobs, homes, and savings, and many depended on (4)\_\_\_to (5)\_\_, In 1933, at the worst point in the depression, more than 15 million Americans — one-quarter of the nation's workforce — were unemployed. The depression was caused by a number of serious (6)\_\_\_in the economy. Although the 1920s appeared on the surface to be a (7) \_\_\_\_\_time, income was unevenly distributed. The wealthy made large profits, but more and more Americans spent more than they (8)\_\_\_\_\_, and farmers faced low prices and heavy debt. The lingering effects of World War I caused economic problems in many countries, as Europe struggled to pay war debts and reparations. These problems (9)\_\_\_to the crisis that began the Great Depression: the (10)\_\_\_\_\_U.S. stock market crash of 1929, which ruined thousands of investors and destroyed (11)\_\_\_\_\_in the economy. Continuing throughout the 1930s, the depression ended in the United States only when (12) spending\_\_\_for World War II began.

- |                   |                |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. A economize    | C economically |
| B economy         | D economic     |
| 2. A depend       | C dependence   |
| B dependent       | D dependably   |
| 3. A unemployment | C employ       |
| B unemployed      | D employee     |
| 4. A charitable   | C charity      |
| B charitably      | D charities    |
| 5. A survival     | C survive      |
| B survived        | D surviving    |
| 6. A weaknesses   | C weaken       |
| B weak            | D weakly       |
| 7. A prosperity   | C prosperously |
| B prosperous      | D prosper      |
| 8. A earnings     | C earning      |

- |     |                                 |                                       |
|-----|---------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|     | B earn                          | D earned                              |
| 9.  | A contribution<br>B contribute  | C contributed<br>D contributing       |
| 10. | A catastrophic<br>B catastrophe | C catastrophically<br>D catastrophist |
| 11. | A confidence<br>B confide       | C confidential<br>D confidentially    |
| 12. | A mass<br>B massiveness         | C massively<br>D massive              |

answers:

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

## READING COMPREHENSION

### Task 3.

**3.1. Read a magazine article about herons. Seven sentences have been removed from the article. Choose from the sentences A-H the one which fits each gap (1-7). There is one extra sentence which you do not need to use. (2 points)**

### HERONS

Herons are beautiful birds. Years ago, as I walked to work in a fish factory in Aberdeen, herons would always bring a little bit of light to the dark winter mornings. Usually there would be a couple of them standing on the river's edge. \_\_\_\_\_ 1 \_\_\_\_\_ This natural cautiousness is usual in herons. They prefer to spend the day in areas where they can hunt for fish in peace. They seldom allow close approach and are quick to take to the air when they sense humans are about. \_\_\_\_\_ 2 \_\_\_\_\_ This cruel treatment is now on the decline and consequently the latest *Bird Atlas* estimates there are probably twice as many herons breeding in Britain today than in the late 1960s.

\_\_\_\_\_ 3 \_\_\_\_\_. This means herons can feed and survive in areas which were previously unavailable because they were either too cold or ruined by poisonous substances in the water.

Weather is probably the single most important factor in the improvement in the heron population. In effect, new areas of habitat have been opened up \_\_\_\_\_ 4 \_\_\_\_\_. The one of 1963 had a notable impact, but surprisingly there is little to suggest that the same happened in the freezing temperatures of 1979 and 1892. \_\_\_\_\_ 5 \_\_\_\_\_ As well as the UK, similar increases have been recorded throughout Europe. By the early 1970s, the heron had become threatened in many parts of central Europe, but has since recovered dramatically. And if not persecuted, will even breed in city centres, such as happens in Amsterdam. \_\_\_\_\_ 6 \_\_\_\_\_ There are still numerous threats, mostly to do with habitat degradation, and which certainly affect populations on a local scale.

Drainage of fields and excavation reduce food supplies. The planting of forests, while providing nesting sites, may also reduce the water flow in some water courses and hence fish availability. The heron lives on fish. \_\_\_\_\_ 7 \_\_\_\_\_. On other occasions a different tactic is adopted, this time slowly stalking through the water, looking intently at any stirrings. If the need arises, the heron will wade deep until the body is afloat and it can even swim for a short distance. They are such a delight to watch, particularly in the morning when they go hunting in the frost-draped winter semi-darkness.

- a) Another reason for this increase can be found in the milder winters and the reduction in water pollution.
- b) Further north the bird is equally widespread, although it is absent from areas of high ground.
- c) Such nervousness is understandable, given that they have suffered from persecution from fish farmers.
- d) While heron numbers have increased, it is important not to be complacent.
- e) However, a hard winter will temporarily set numbers back.
- f) The commonest hunting technique is to stand still by the water's edge, with only the eyes twinkling as it carefully scans for fish.
- j) It appears, however, that all is well for the heron at the moment.
- k) But once dawn broke, the herons would move upstream to quieter stretches of the river.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

**3.2. Read the text below and think of the word which best fits each space. Use only one word in each space. (2 points)**

**HOLIDAY READING**

Tourists in the British holiday resort of Blackpool (1).....no excuse to be without a book to read on the beach this summer,(2).....to the launch of the UK's first mobile seafront library. For the two months of high season, two local students will be pushing a multicolored barrow (3).....the deckchairs and sunshades on the beach, handing (4).....novels and reading advice to some of the resort's sixteenmillion visitors.

The scheme, (5).....has been launched by the local council's library and information service, relies (6).....second-hand books, specially donated (7).....the people of the town. This means that borrowers can either keep, return (8).....swap the books. In (9).....event of poor weather the two students, Catherine and Melanie, will be offering indoor storytelling sessions for children instead. Both women have been selected for (10).....combination of good humor, love of books and fitness. They will be trying to persuade people sitting on the beach to (11).....down their newspapers and (12).....into a book instead.

Holiday reading, they insist, isn't just to (13).....with relaxation, it's a chance to read things you (14).....not otherwise have time to try. The only problem that Catherine and Melanie foresee is that they might (15).....out of books. (16).....the idea is a success, other resorts could soon be following Blackpool's example.

answers:

<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>
<b>9</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ **Total (level)2** \_\_\_\_\_

### **Level 3 (10 points)**

#### **WRITING**

#### **Task 1. (2 points)**

#### **1.2. Write what you would say in each of these situations. (2 points)**

1. Use a phrase with *time* to express the wish that your friends will enjoy themselves.
2. You want to get past someone. Use a suitable two-word phrase.
3. Someone says *Shall I open the door for you?* Use a polite phrase with *Yes, if...* in reply.
4. Use a phrase with *matter* to tell someone it isn't important they forgot to do something.
5. Use a phrase with *moment* to tell someone to wait.
6. A friend is going on a journey. Use a well-wishing phrase with *trip*.
7. Use a suitable two-word phrase to tell a friend not to be anxious.
8. You want to know what a young child is called. How do you ask the child?
9. You're a shop assistant and you ask if a customer is receiving attention. Use *served*.
10. You meet in the street a married woman (Jane Smith) whom you don't know very well. Say good morning to her.
11. You're a shop assistant and you're about to serve a female customer. What do you say?
12. You're a shop assistant and you're about to serve a male customer. What do you say?
13. Use a not-very-polite phrase with *business* to tell someone not to interfere with things that don't concern that person.

13. You didn't hear what someone said. Ask them to repeat it using a single word.

14. Use a phrase with *indeed* to express your special thanks.

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**1.2. Translate into English the words in brackets (3 points)**

1. Якщо Ви позичите мені 10 тис. у.о., я зможу купити нову машину.

2. Якби батьки не примусила свою доньку вступити до медичного університету, вона б вийшла заміж за Петра й вже, ймовірно, мала 2-х дітей.

3. Тарас поїде в село у неділю, якщо не буде зайнятий.

4. Якби вранці я знала, що буде дощ, я взяла б парасольку.

5. Якщо ти прийдеш до мене завтра, я пригощу тебе тортом.

6. Якби я був на вашому місці, я б вибачився за такий вчинок.

7. Якщо Ви допоможете Дмитру з математикою та біологією, він складе іспити успішно.

8. Якщо науковий керівник схвалить мою статтю, вона вийде друком у травні.

9. Якби Марина була в Римі минулої осені, вона б пішла на рок концерт.

10. Якщо Михайло продасть свою квартиру, він зможе розрахуватися з боргами.

11. Якби він зміг зайти в п'ятницю, ми б розповіли йому про все самі.

12. Якщо Марта підготує доповідь вчасно, вона візьме участь у роботі лінгвістичної конференції.

13. Якби тільки Ви знали, як важко жилося людям 100 років тому.

14. Ми б прочитали всі книги С.Кінга, якби їх мали.

15. Зіна не купила б такої некрасивої сукні, якби пішла до магазину з вами.

16. Жаль, що Вас немає поруч.

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**Task 4. (5 points) Write a composition (150 words)**

Today our world is confronted with many challenges: poverty, hunger, disease, environmental changes, and many others. In your opinion, what is the most serious problem that society faces today? What has caused this problem? Do you think that this problem can be solved? Give your ideas.

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Total (level 3) \_\_\_\_

Total \_\_\_\_\_